



INDIAN SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR

DEPARTMENT OF EVS [2022 – 2023]

LESSON: BIRDS; BEAKS AND CLAWS

WORKSHEET

RESOURCE PERSON: Ms. Bibi Khuteja

NAME: _____ CLASS: IV SEC: _____ DATE: _____

I. Read the following sentences carefully and name the birds using the given clues.

- a) My beak is broad and flat with tiny holes on the sides. _____
- b) I have a strong and chisel shaped beak to make holes in the bark of trees. _____
- c) I have a short, hard and horny cone shaped beak to crush grains and seeds. _____
- d) I have a hooked beak to crack nuts and hard fruit. _____

II. State whether the following statements are TRUE or FALSE by choosing the correct option.

- a) The hoopoe takes in muddy water that has insects and worms.
- b) The ostrich is the only bird which has only two toes on each foot.
- c) Sparrow, pigeon and mynah are Perching Birds.
- d) Birds that walk over shallow water are called Swimming Birds.

Ans: A) TFFT B) FFFT C) FTTF D) FTTF





III. Give an example for each of the following birds.

- a) a bird that has a short and broad beak: _____
- b) a bird that has a long, slender and pointed beak: _____
- c) a bird that has a long thin and curved beak: _____
- d) a bird that has a hooked beak: _____

IV. Circle the odd one in each group.

- a) kite hawk vulture peacock
- b) sparrow owl finch pigeon
- c) duck pelican parrot swan

V. Match the following and also colour them.

<u>COLUMN A</u>		<u>COLUMN B</u>	
1		a	preying bird
2		b	scratching bird
3		c	swimming bird
4		d	wading bird

Ans: 1. ____ 2. ____ 3. ____ 4. ____

VI. Give reasons for the following statement.

1. Crows and sparrows are called Perching Birds.
